

5 • Reactions in Aqueous Solution

ANSWERS TO NAMING PRACTICE

Type of Compound	Ionic	Acids	Molecular
How To Recognize	Recognize + and - ion	H ⁺ and - ion	Not Ionic / Two non-metals
How To Name	names of + ion then - ion	"ides" → hydro---ic acid "ates" → ---ic acid "ites" → ---ous acid S (add "ur") P (add "or")	mono, di, tri, tetra, penta, hexa, hepta, octa, nona, deca names ends with "ide" pentaoxide → pentoxide, etc.

There are also compounds that do not follow any of the above rules... they use their "common" names.

Indicate the Type of Compound and then name the compound using the appropriate rules:

- | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| 1. NaF | I | sodium fluoride | 21. CuCl ₂ | I | cupric chloride |
| 2. FeCl ₃ | I | ferric chloride | 22. AgNO ₃ | I | silver nitrate |
| 3. CO ₂ | M | carbon dioxide | 23. CO | M | carbon monoxide |
| 4. MgCl ₂ | I | magnesium chloride | 24. H ₃ PO ₄ | A | phosphoric acid |
| 5. HF | A | hydrofluoric acid | 25. NaCl | I | sodium chloride |
| 6. SF ₄ | M | sulfur tetrafluoride | 26. N ₂ O ₅ | M | dinitrogen pentoxide |
| 7. HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂ | A | acetic acid | 27. NO ₂ | M | nitrogen dioxide |
| 8. H ₂ O | -- | water | 28. HNO ₃ | A | nitric acid |
| 9. NH ₃ | -- | ammonia | 29. NaOH | I | sodium hydroxide |
| 10. CaO | I | calcium oxide | 30. SnCl ₂ | I | stannous chloride |
| 11. NH ₄ NO ₃ | I | ammonium nitrate | 31. CaSO ₄ | I | calcium sulfate |
| 12. NaI | I | sodium iodide | 32. HBr | A | hydrobromic acid |
| 13. PbCO ₃ | I | lead carbonate | 33. Cu(OH) ₂ | I | cupric hydroxide |
| 14. Na ₂ O | I | sodium oxide | 34. Zn(OH) ₂ | I | zinc hydroxide |
| 15. Ba(NO ₃) ₂ | I | barium nitrate | 35. BaCl ₂ | I | barium chloride |
| 16. K ₂ CrO ₄ | I | potassium chromate | 36. PCl ₅ | M | phosphorus pentachloride |
| 17. NO | M | nitrogen monoxide | 37. PCl ₃ | M | phosphorus trichloride |
| 18. HCl | A | hydrochloric acid | 38. AsF ₅ | M | arsenic pentafluoride |
| 19. MnO ₂ | --* | manganese dioxide | 39. H ₂ CO ₃ | A | carbonic acid |
| 20. H ₂ S | A | hydrosulfuric acid | 40. OF ₂ | M | oxygen difluoride |

* this is an odd one... while it looks like it might be manganese (II) peroxide, the manganese is really in the +4 state and is named like a molecular compound... manganese dioxide. Just memorize this one. This chemical shows up as a catalyst for one of our demonstrations and is also used as an oxidizer.