

13 • IMF's, Liquids and Solids

STUDY QUESTIONS

- Describe the interparticle forces at work in the following:
 - within a water molecule H_2O
 - in a crystal of the salt NaCl
 - in a solution of potassium nitrate KNO_3
 - in diamond
 - in a fiber of nylon
 - in liquid butane
 - between water molecules in ice
 - between the two strands in the double helix of DNA
 - in paraffin wax
 - between the molecules of carbon dioxide CO_2 in dry ice
 - between the molecules of HCl in liquid HCl
 - in tungsten metal
 - in a solution of perchloric acid
- Which one of the following pairs of molecules would you expect to have the higher melting point?
 - Cl_2 or Br_2
 - C_4H_{10} or C_5H_{12}
 - NH_3 or PH_3
 - Na or Mg
 - BeO or KCl
 - ICl or Br_2
- Which states or types of matter would be characterized by each of the following statements?
 - High individual molecular speeds.
 - A melting point spread over a wide temperature range.
 - A regular repeating array of structural units.
 - Molecules move with respect to one another but are held together in a condensed state.
 - Molecules close together but having sufficiently high kinetic energies to overcome the intermolecular forces.
 - Valence electrons delocalized over huge arrays of atoms.
 - Totally random molecular order with comparatively great distances between individual molecules.
 - A three-dimensional network of covalent bonds.
- Acetone and chloroform form an unusually strong intermolecular bond. Why is this? Draw a picture of how the molecules attract each other.

