3 • Molecules and Compounds

MOLAR MASS & % COMPOSITION

I. Molar Masses

Given a periodic table, you should be able to calculate the molecular mass (in u's) or the molar mass (in grams) for any element or compound.

Examples: (give answers to two decimal places)

H ₂ SO ₄	Cl ₂	Ca(OH) ₂	HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂
98.09 amu	70,90 amu	74.10 amn	60.06 amm
CO ₂	N ₂ O	NaOCI	Al ₂ S ₃
44.01 amn	44.02 ann	74.44 amn	150.17 amm

II. Fraction and Percent Composition

It is useful to determine how much of a compound's mass is made up of each element. Water, H_2O , for example has a molar mass of 18.02 g. The H's mass is 2(1.0079) = 2.02 g. The O's mass is 16.00 g.

We can set up fractions for each element: $H = \frac{2.02}{18.02} - 0.112 = 11.2\%$. $O = \frac{16.00}{18.02} - 0.888 = 88.8\%$.

This is called the **percent composition**. The fraction composition is a good in-between step.

Determine the fraction and percent composition of each element below (answer to one decimal place):

1. H ₂ SO ₄	4= 2.62 = 2.1 %	S= 32.07 = 32.7%	0=64.00 = 65.2%
2. Ca(OH) ₂	Ca = 40.08 = 54.1%	0= 32.00 = 43.2%	H= 2.02 = 2.7%
3, HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂	4=4.04 -6.7%	C= 24.02 = 40.0%	0=32.00 = 53.3%
4. CO ₂	C= 12.01 = 27.3%	0= 32.00 = 72.7%	The state of the s
5. N ₂ O	N= 28.02 = 63.7%	0=16.00 -36.3%	
6. NaOCl	He= 22.99 -30.9%	0= 1605	a= 35.45 247.6%
7. AbS ₃	41= 53.94 = 35.9%	Se 96.21 = 64.1 %	1